


MASONRY

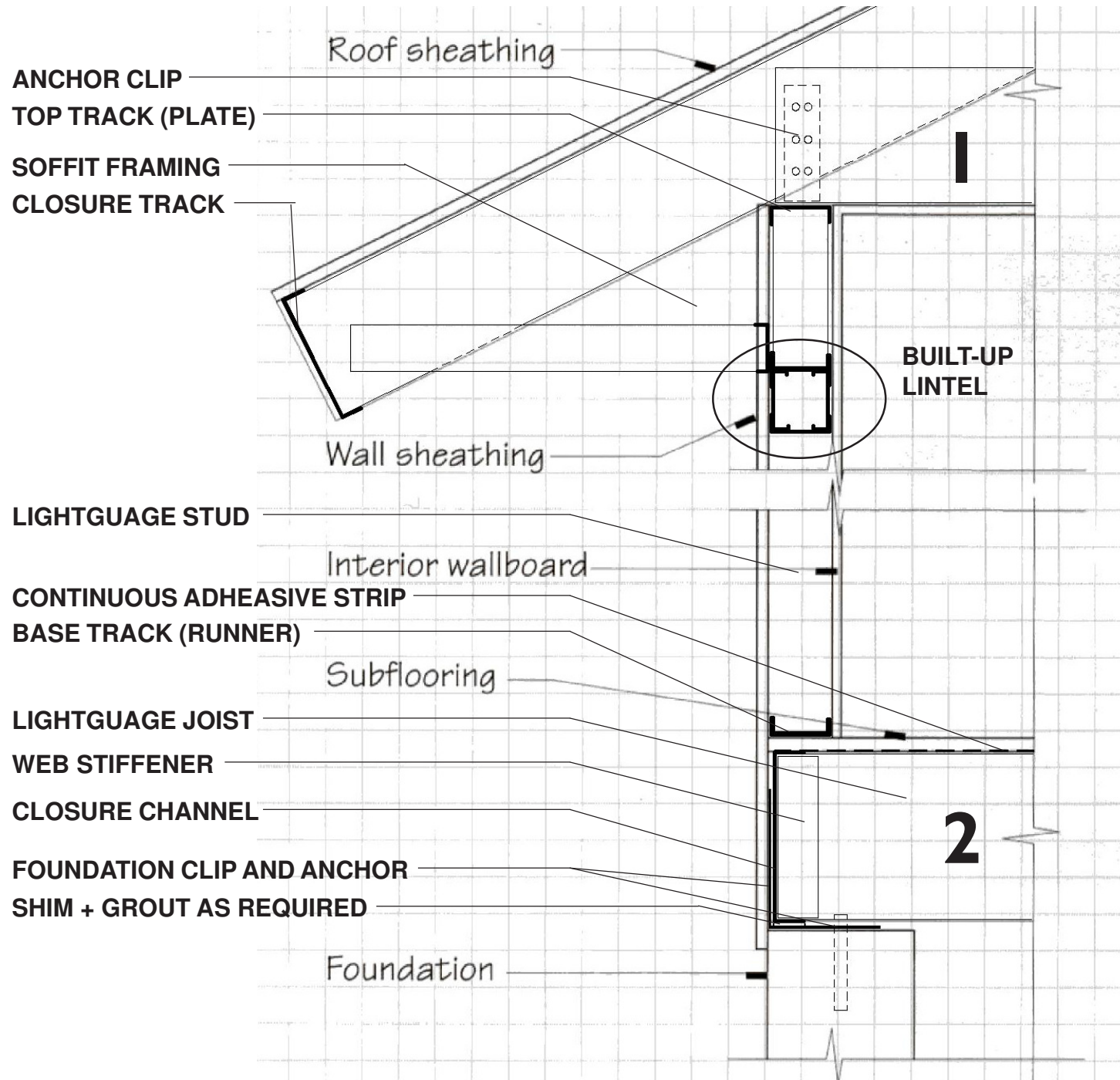
A close-up photograph of a brick wall. The bricks are reddish-brown with some darker spots and are laid in a standard running bond pattern. The mortar is a light, off-white color. The word 'MASONRY' is written across the center of the image in a large, bold, white, sans-serif font.

Order of the Day:

- > Housekeeping: Return Work Sheet #8;
- > Review: Work Sheet #8: LightGage Framing
- > **Masonry Wall Assemblies**
- > In-Class Work: Masonry Cavity Wall Detailing, Ex. 10.2
- > Assignment: Masonry Cavity Wall Detailing, Ex. 10.3
Reading for Next Week: Chapter 13 & 14

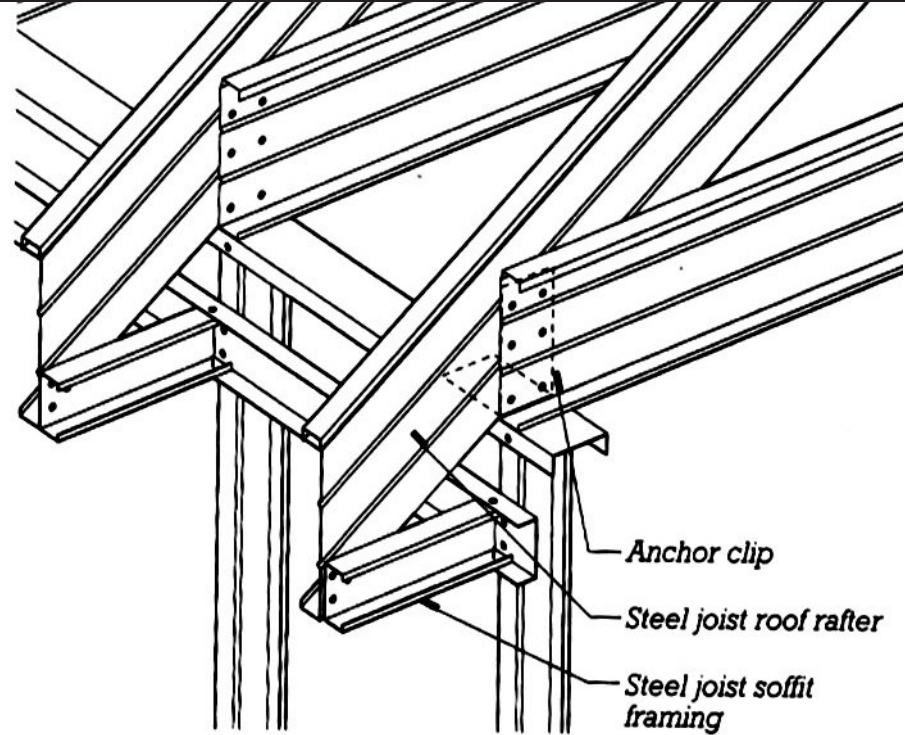
Next Week: Concrete!

Assignment #8: Light Gauge Steel Framing Details Ex. 12.1



Assignment #8: Light Gauge Steel Framing Details Ex. 12.1

1



2

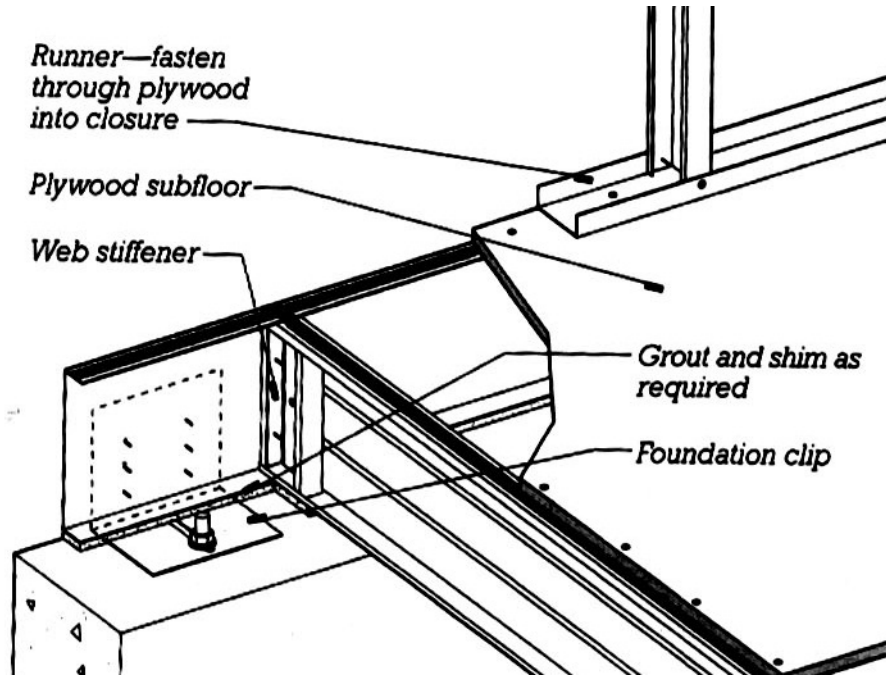
Runner—fasten through plywood into closure

Plywood subfloor

Web stiffener

Grout and shim as required

Foundation clip





PLASTIC TIE SECURES ELECTRICAL CABLE



ANCHOR CABLE WITHIN 12" OF BOX

ELECTRICAL BOX BRACKET SCREWED TO STUD

2x4 BLOCKING ATTACHED BY 1-1/4" SELF-TAPPING SCREWS



PLASTIC ELECTRICAL CABLE BUSHING



Once again:

MASONRY

Traditional Masonry Bearing Walls



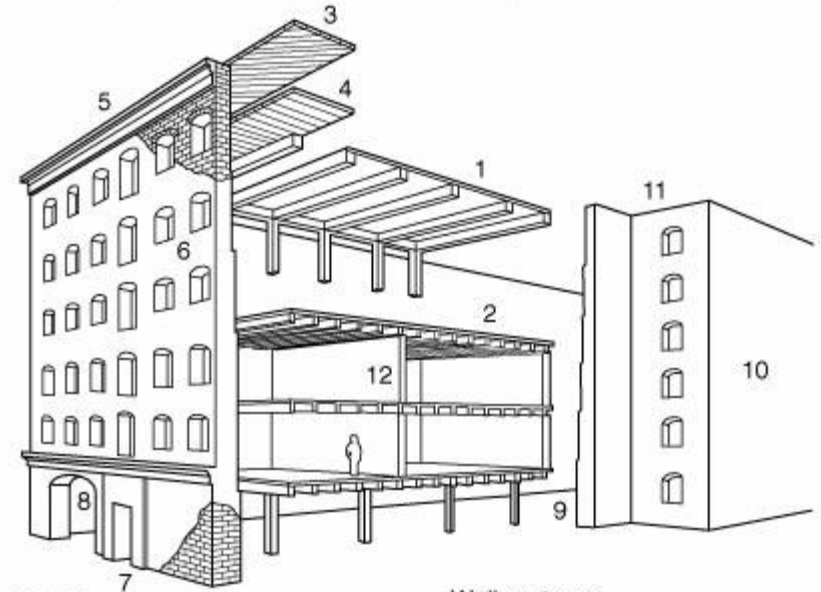
Mill Building, Lowell, Massachusetts

Roof/floor span systems:

1. Wood post and beam (heavy timber)
2. Wood post, beam, and joist (mill construction)

Roof/floor diaphragms:

3. Diagonal sheathing
4. Straight sheathing



Details:

5. Typical unbraced parapet and cornice
6. Flat arch window openings
7. Typical penetrated facade of residential buildings
8. Large openings of ground floor shops

Wall systems:

9. Bearing wall — four to eight wythes of brick
10. Typical long solid party wall
11. Light/ventilation wells in residential building
12. Nonstructural wood stud partition walls

Brick Wythe as “Veneer”



Fire-rated Masonry Enclosure



Masonry in high-traffic or high-maintenance areas

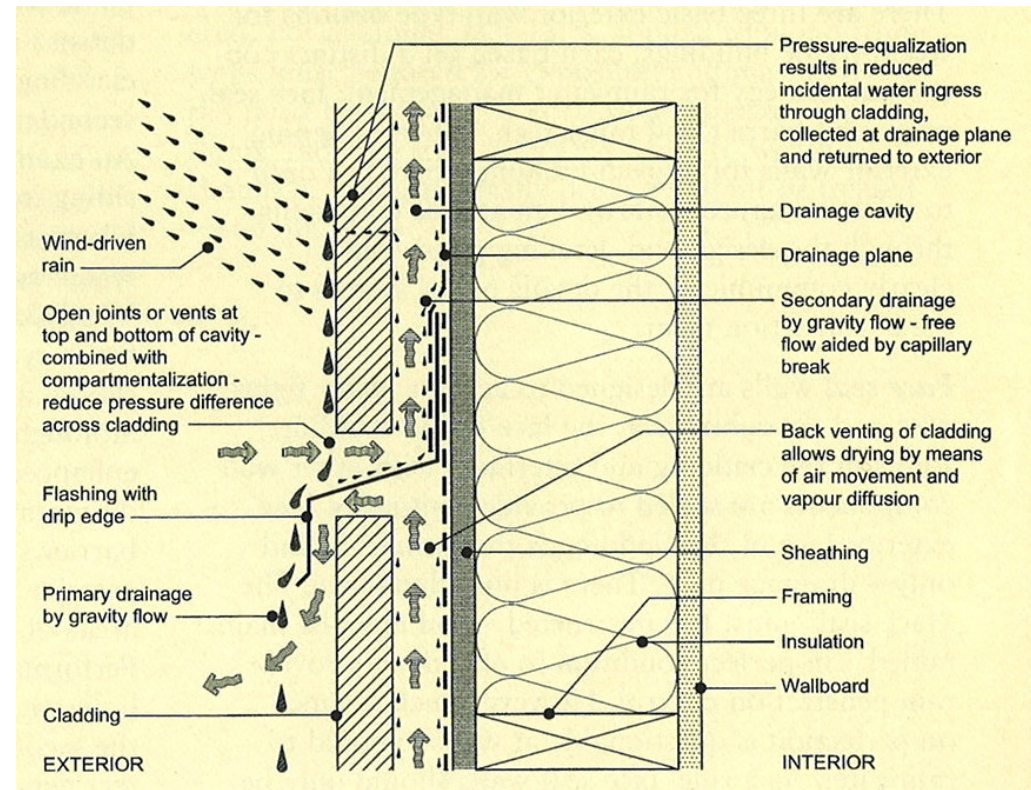
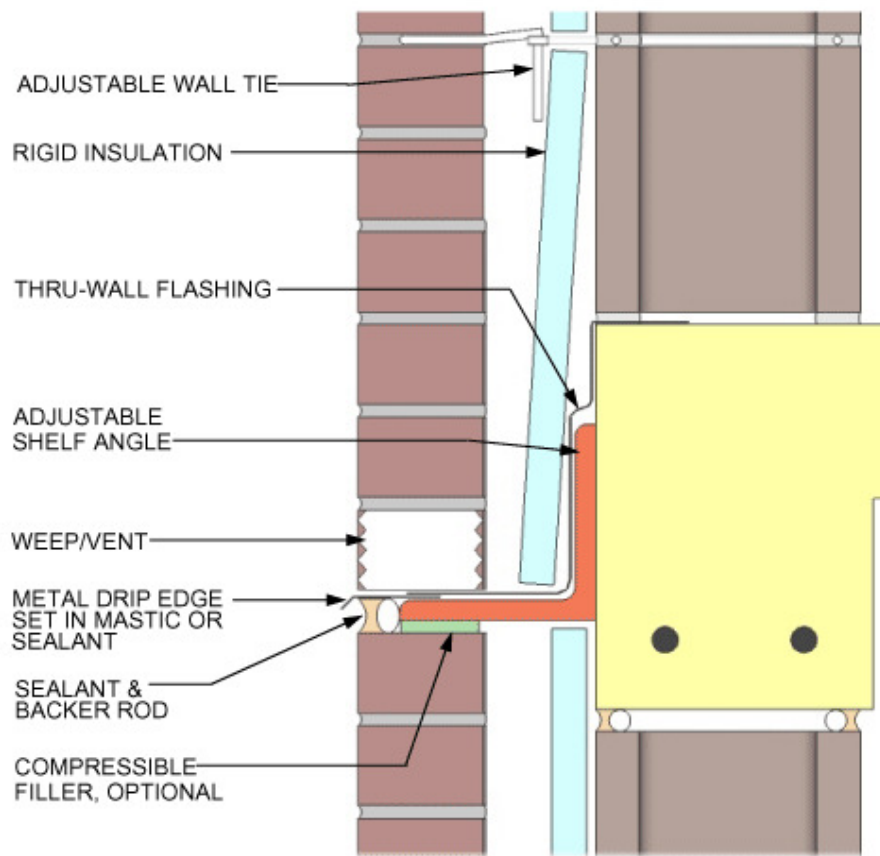


The Historical Tradition of Masonry

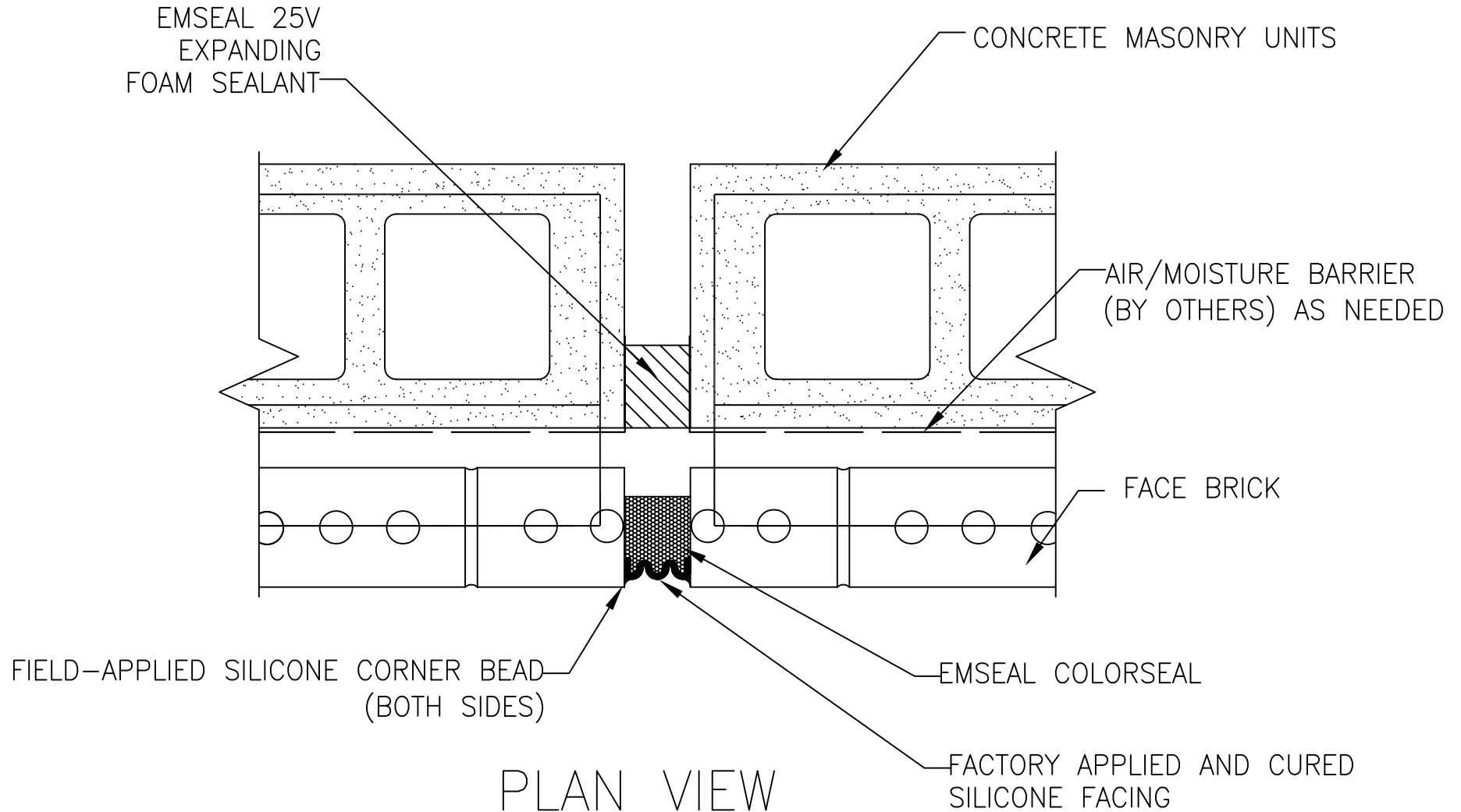


Architectural Technology V

Masonry walls anticipated modern construction...



Masonry got there first...

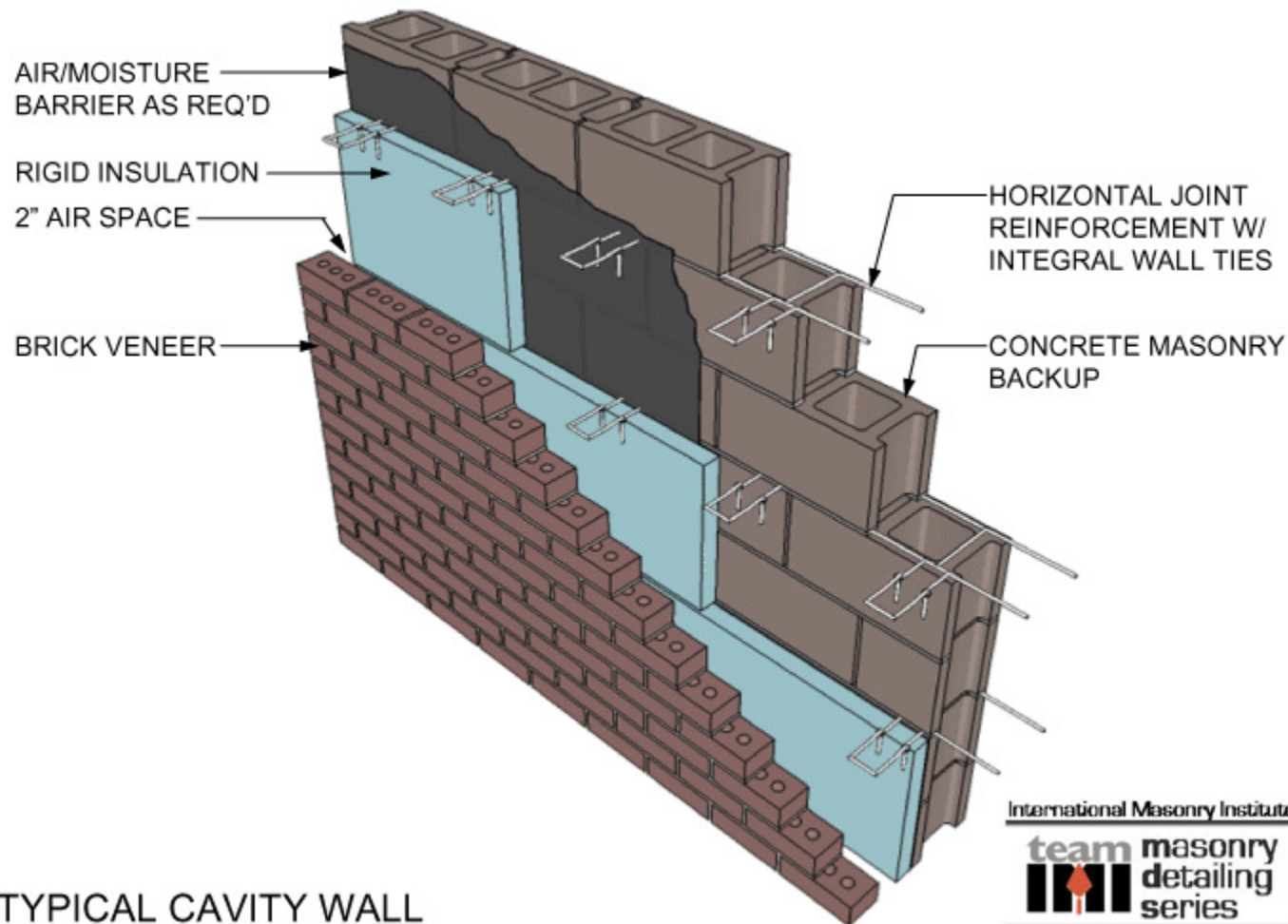


The purpose of a Masonry wall:

To support and resist structural & dynamic loads...

To resist water penetration and the transfer of heat;

To resist failure due to its own thermal expansion and contraction.



TYPICAL CAVITY WALL
DETAIL 01.01 REV. 01/19/07

Masonry Wall Types:

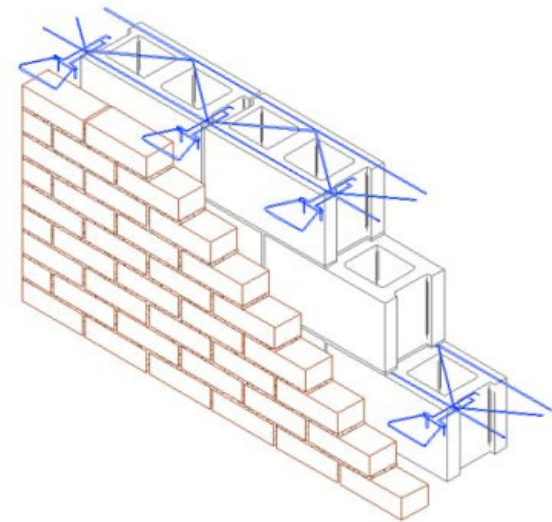
Reinforced or unreinforced;
Homogenous (a single type of masonry unit)
or Composite (two or more types of units);
Solid or Cavity.

Masonry Wall Ties: (See Figure 10.1)

Corrugated, Z-Tie, Adjustable,
Adjustable Stone Tie, Two-Wire Ladder Tie,
Ladder Loop Tie, Three-Wire Truss Tie,
Dovetail Anchors for Concrete Back-up,
Steel Column Anchor

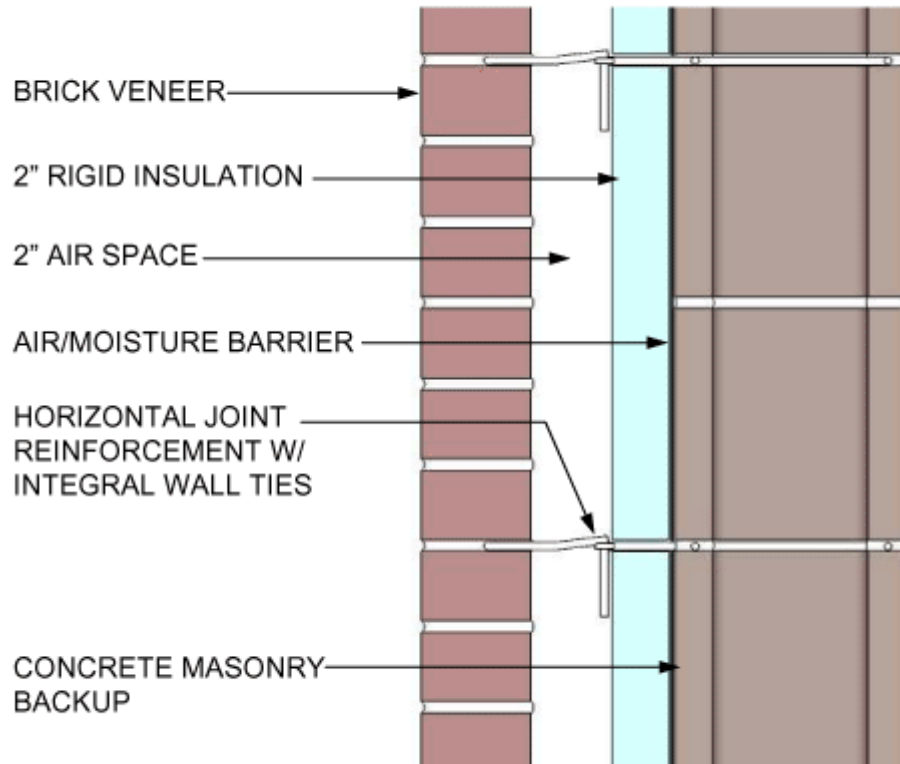


Corrugated tie...



Adjustable Ties
And Joint Reinforcing...

Cavity Wall “Classic”



Looking down into the Cavity...

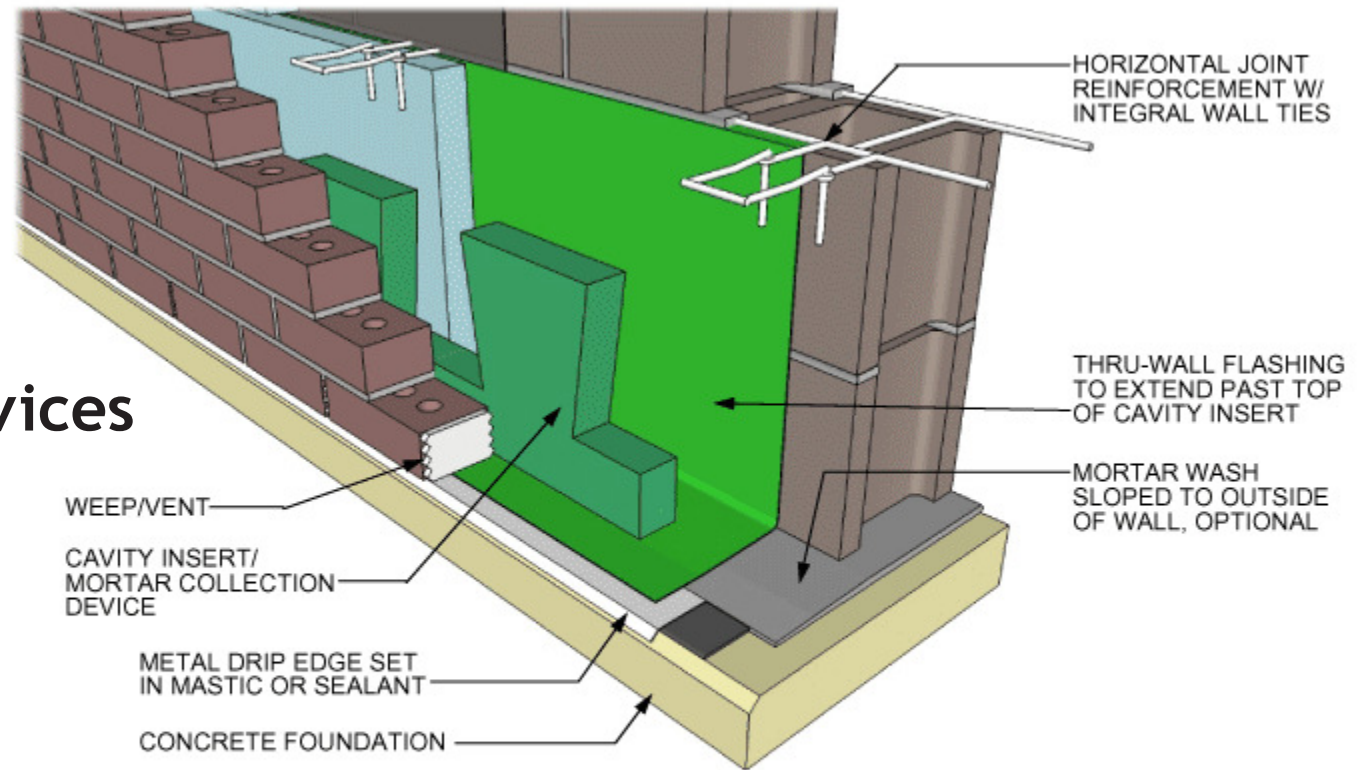


Other Components of a Cavity Wall

Reinforcement & Ties

Flashing

Mortar Control Devices



BASE FLASHING w/ CAVITY INSERT
DETAIL 04.02 REV. 02/13/07

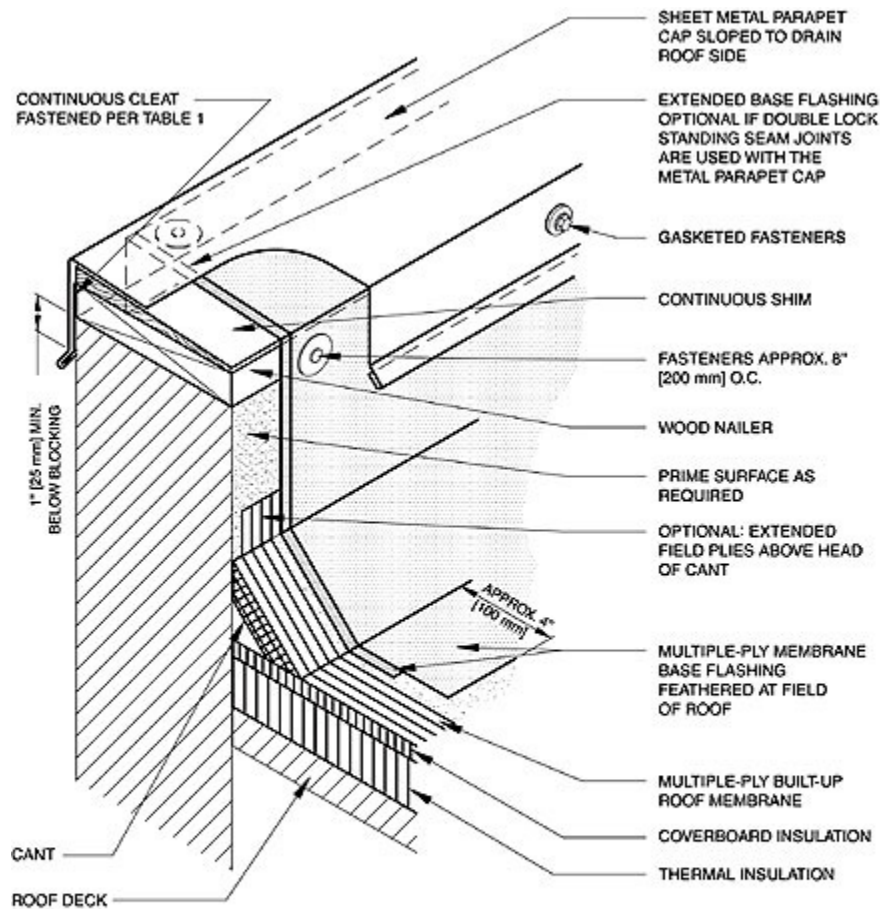
International Masonry Institute



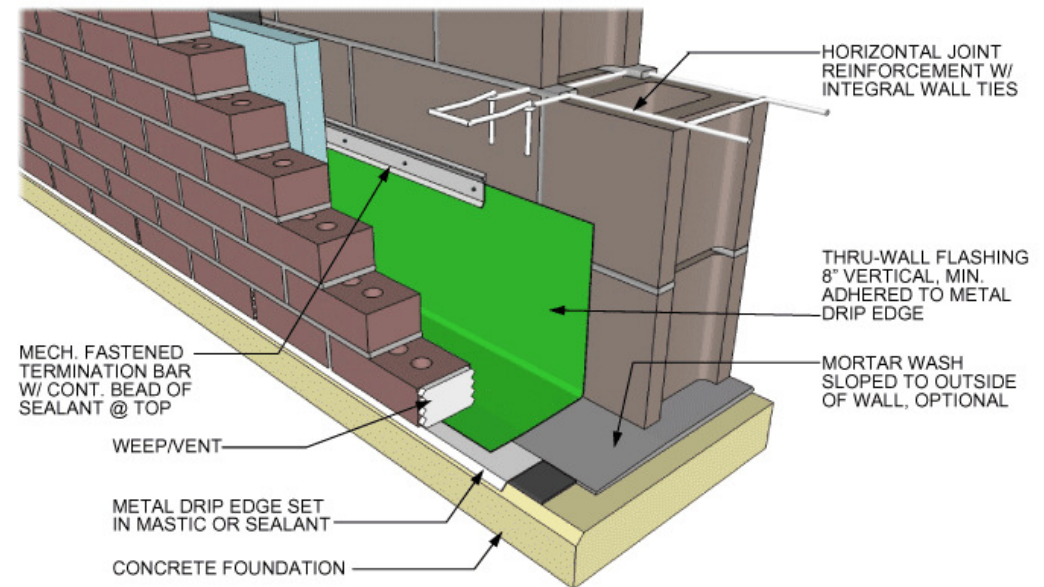
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Flashing: External...



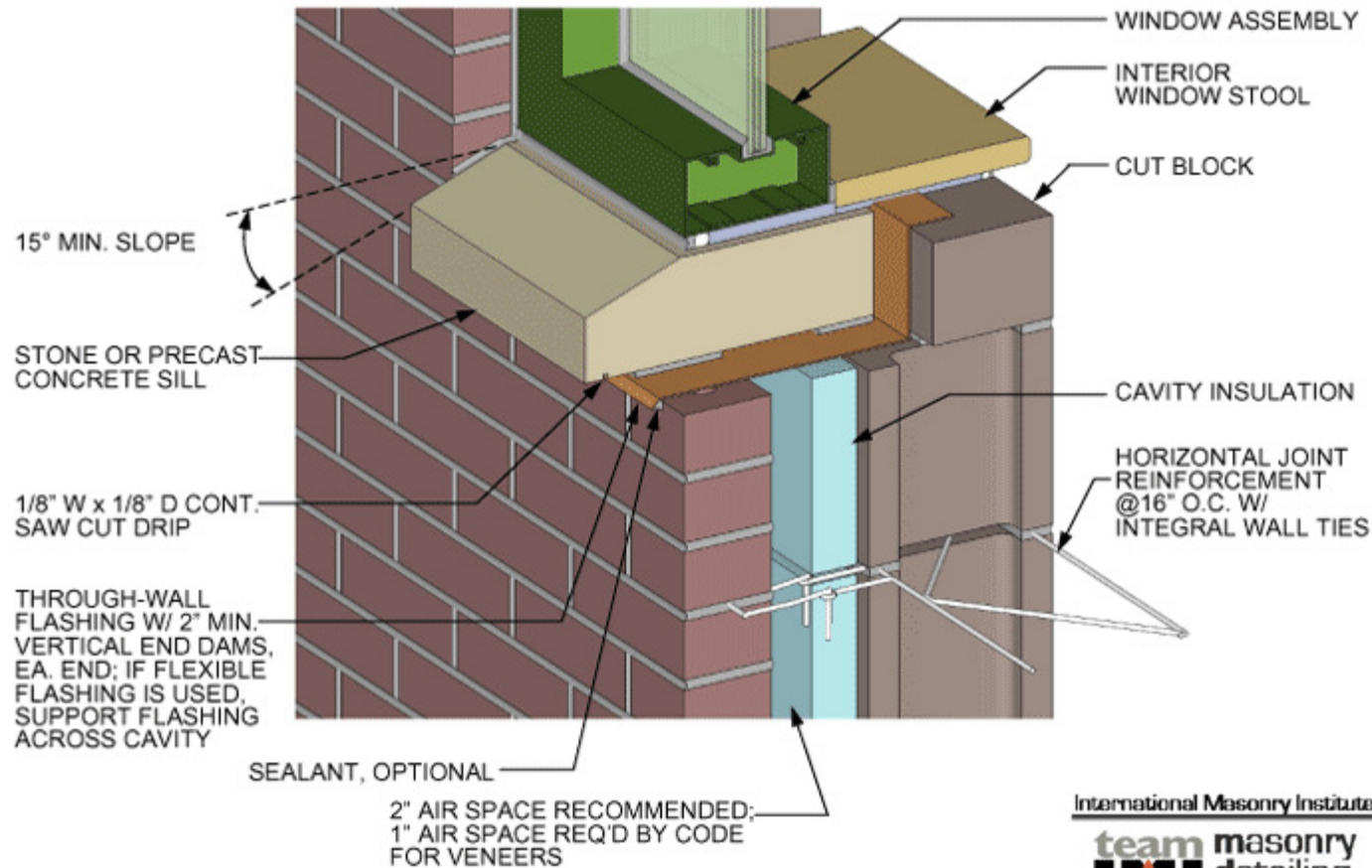
...and Internal



NOTES :

1. THIS DETAIL SHOULD BE USED ONLY WHEN THE ROOF DECK IS SUPPORTED BY THE WALL. DETAIL BUR-6 SHOULD BE USED FOR NON-WALL SUPPORTED DECK.
2. IN LIEU OF EXTENDED BASE FLASHING, INSTALL CONTINUOUS SHEET MEMBRANE LINER.
3. REFER TO THE SHEET METAL SECTION OF THE METAL ROOFING MANUAL FOR JOINERY AND SECUREMENT OPTIONS FOR SHEET METAL.
4. REFER TO INTRODUCTION FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

Window Flashing (Looking Down At Sill)



STONE SILL AT CAVITY WALL

DETAIL 13.01

REV. 02/14/07

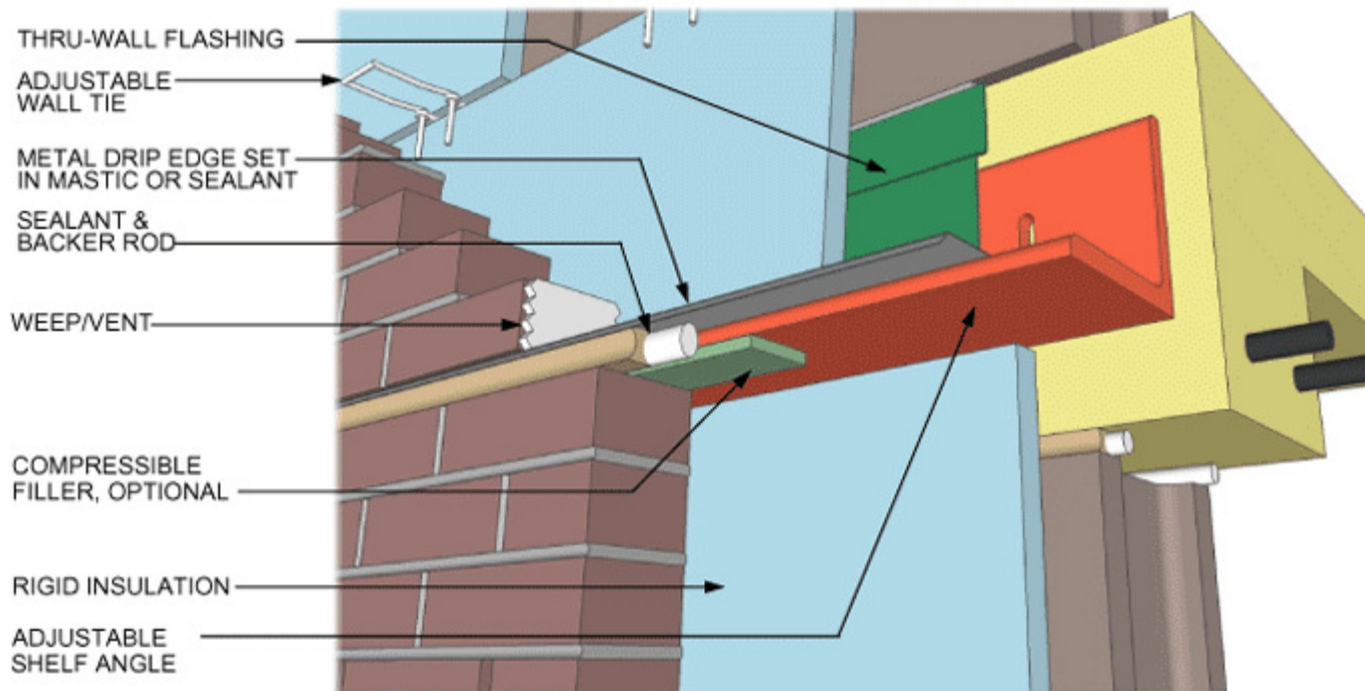
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Window Flashing (Looking Up at Head)



SHELF ANGLE DETAIL

DETAIL 05.01

REV. 02/13/07

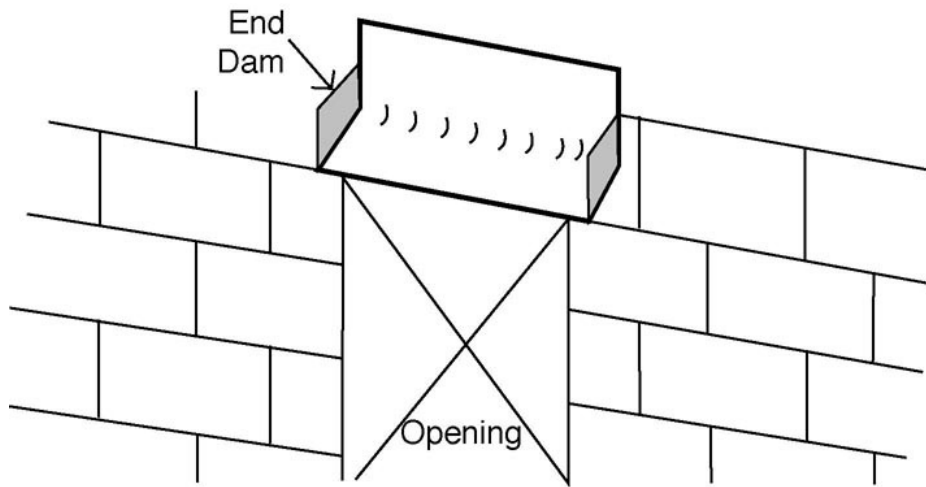
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team masonry
detailed series

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Turned-up Flashing at Jambs

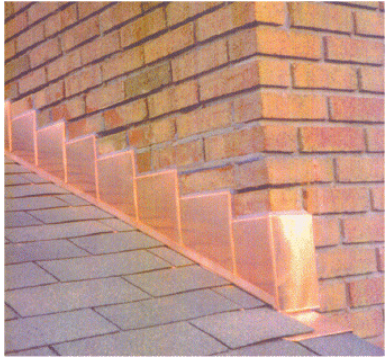


Schematic (Above Lintel)



In Real Life (At flashing termination)

Flashing is a sheet-formed material made from sheet metal, plastic, elastomeric compounds, or composite materials such as rubberized fabric.



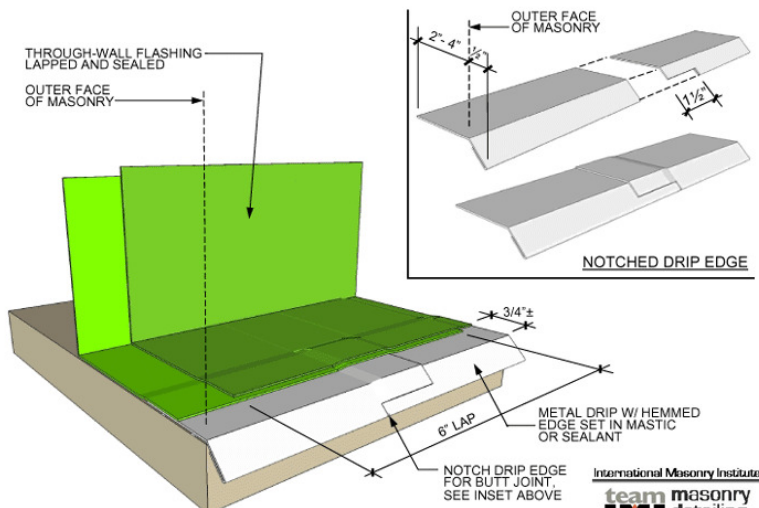
Copper Flashing



Elastomeric Flashing



Fabric Flashing



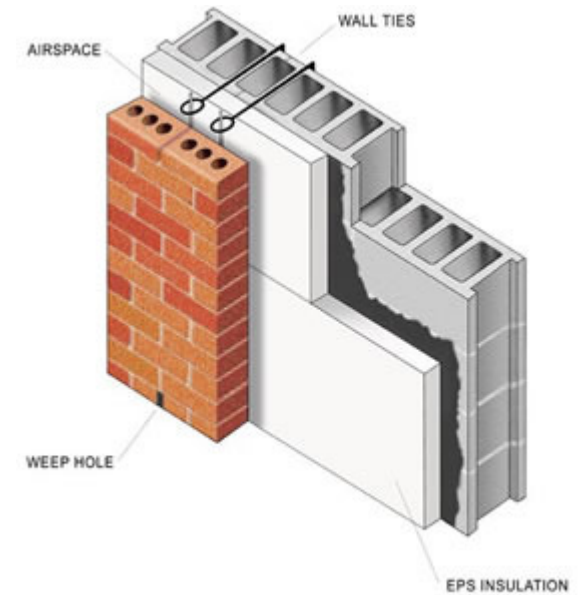
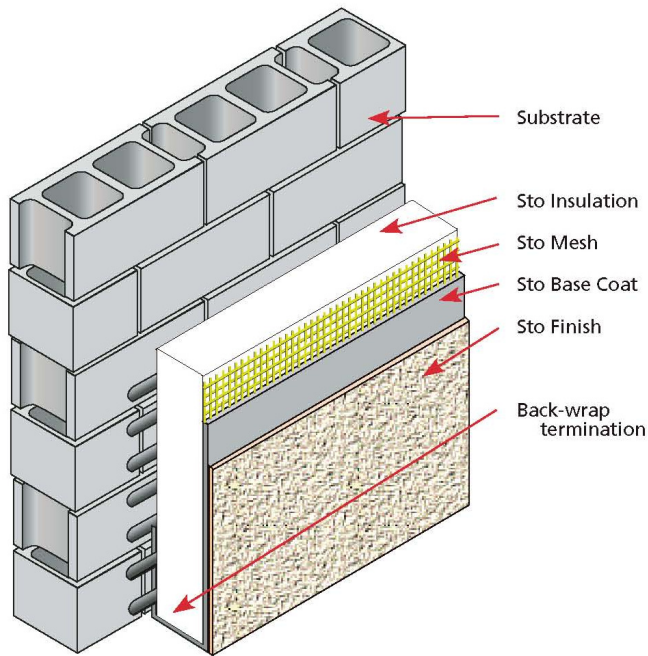
DRIP EDGE DETAIL
DETAIL 03.01 REV. 02/13/07

Flashing Drip edge:

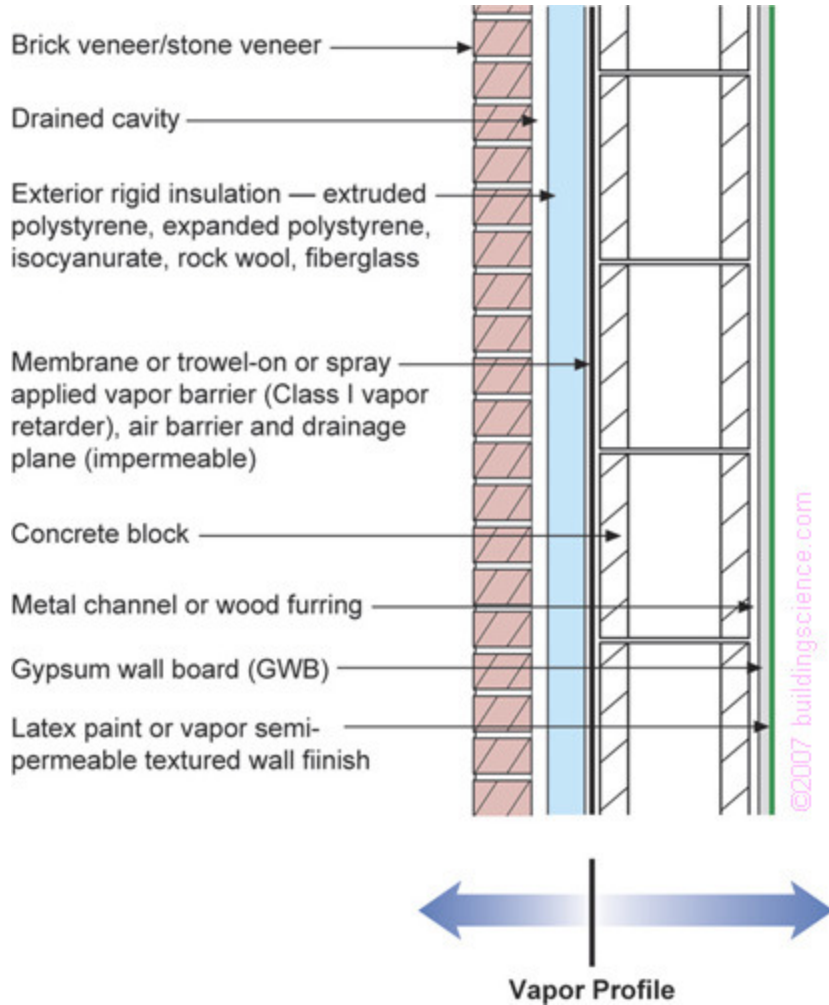
When using UV-unstable membrane flashing, hold flashing back from exposed edge of metal drip edge approximately 3/4-inch so the flashing will not heat up and drool out of wall to stain the masonry and weaken the flashing.

Metal drip edge should be wide enough to accommodate project variances and to allow approximately 2-inch bonding surfaces with flashing. Metal drip edges are typically 2-inch to 4-inches wide.

Three methods of insulating Masonry Walls: Outside... Inside... Cavity



Introduction of Membrane Air Barrier



Self-applied Air Barrier



Insulation and Finish Masonry at Exterior



Cavity-Fill Insulation at Masonry Units

Foam Insert



Loose Vericulite (Perlite or Zonolite) Fill



Insulating the inside face of masonry walls

Thermal Break boarding; Studs for interior finish and additional insulation



Building Joints

Non-movement Joints... Examples?

Movement Joints

Working Construction Joints

Structure/Enclosure Joints

Surface Divider Joints

Abutment Joints

Control Joints

Expansion Joints

Building Separation Joints

Volume Change Joints

Settlement Joints

Seismic Separation Joints

Abutment/Control Joint



PVC Expansion Joint Cover



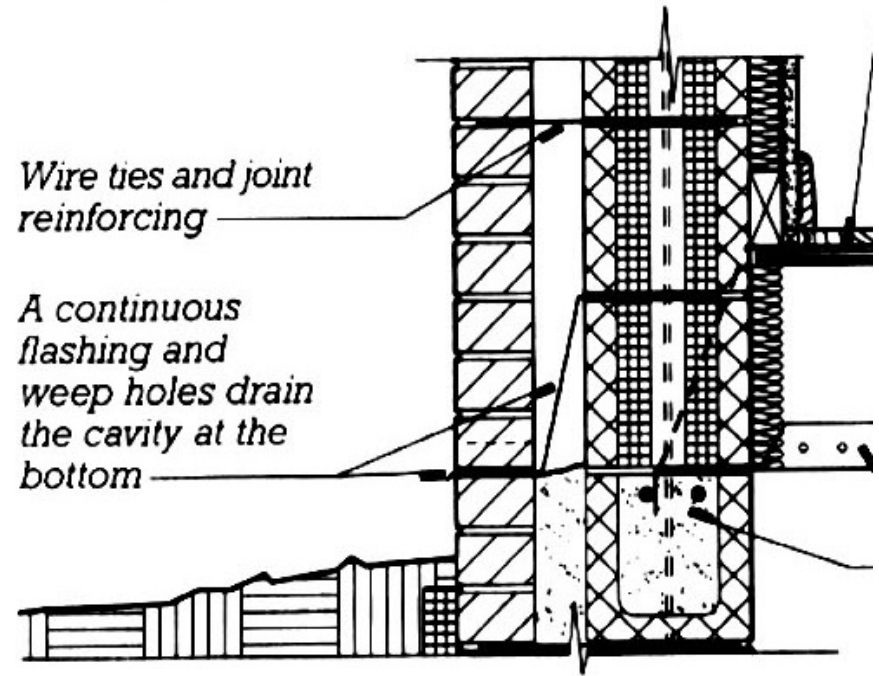
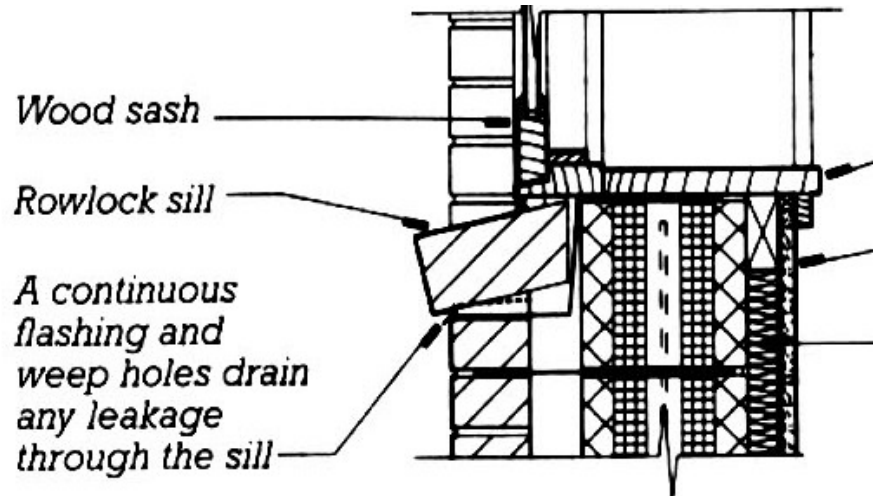
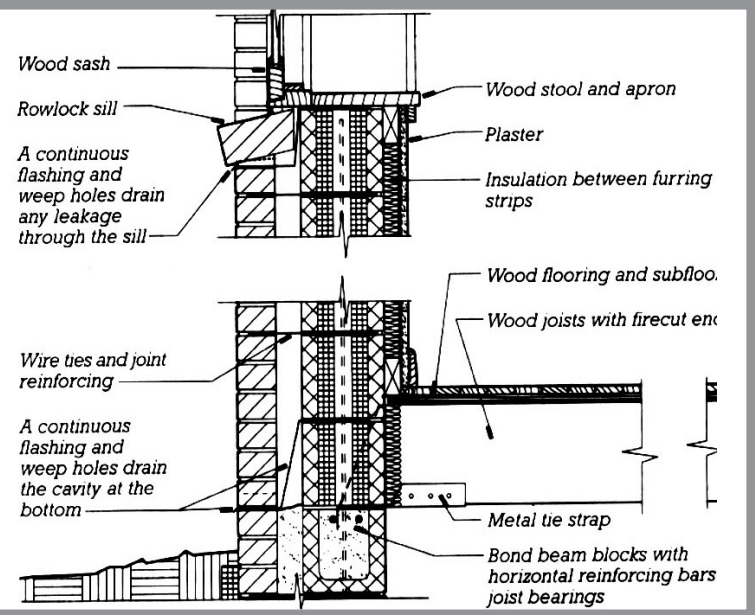
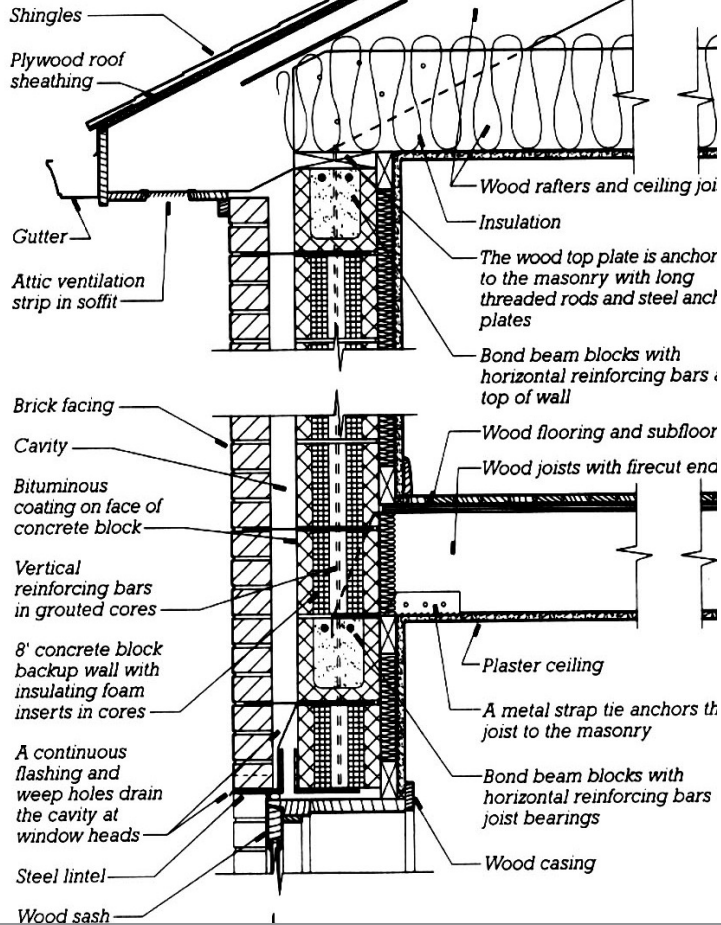
Spanning Systems for Masonry Bearing Construction

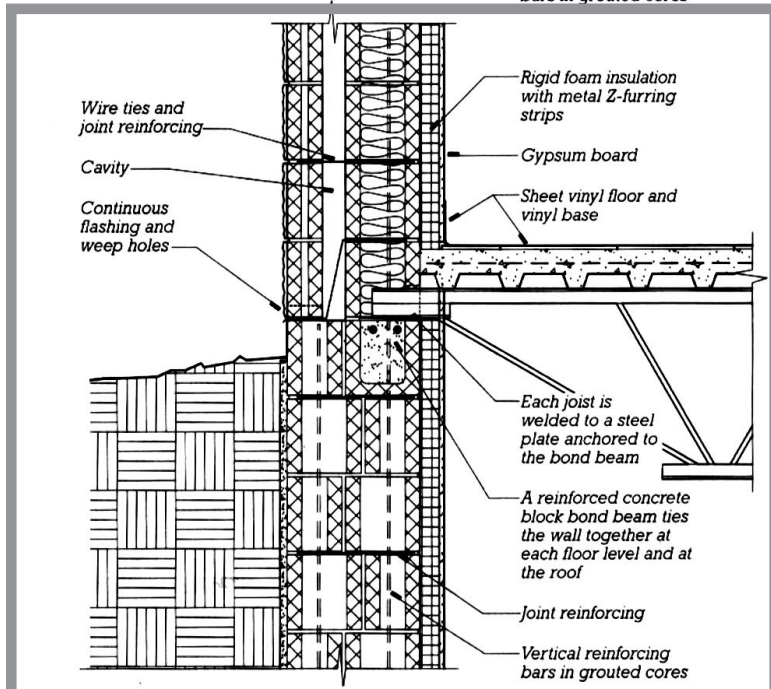
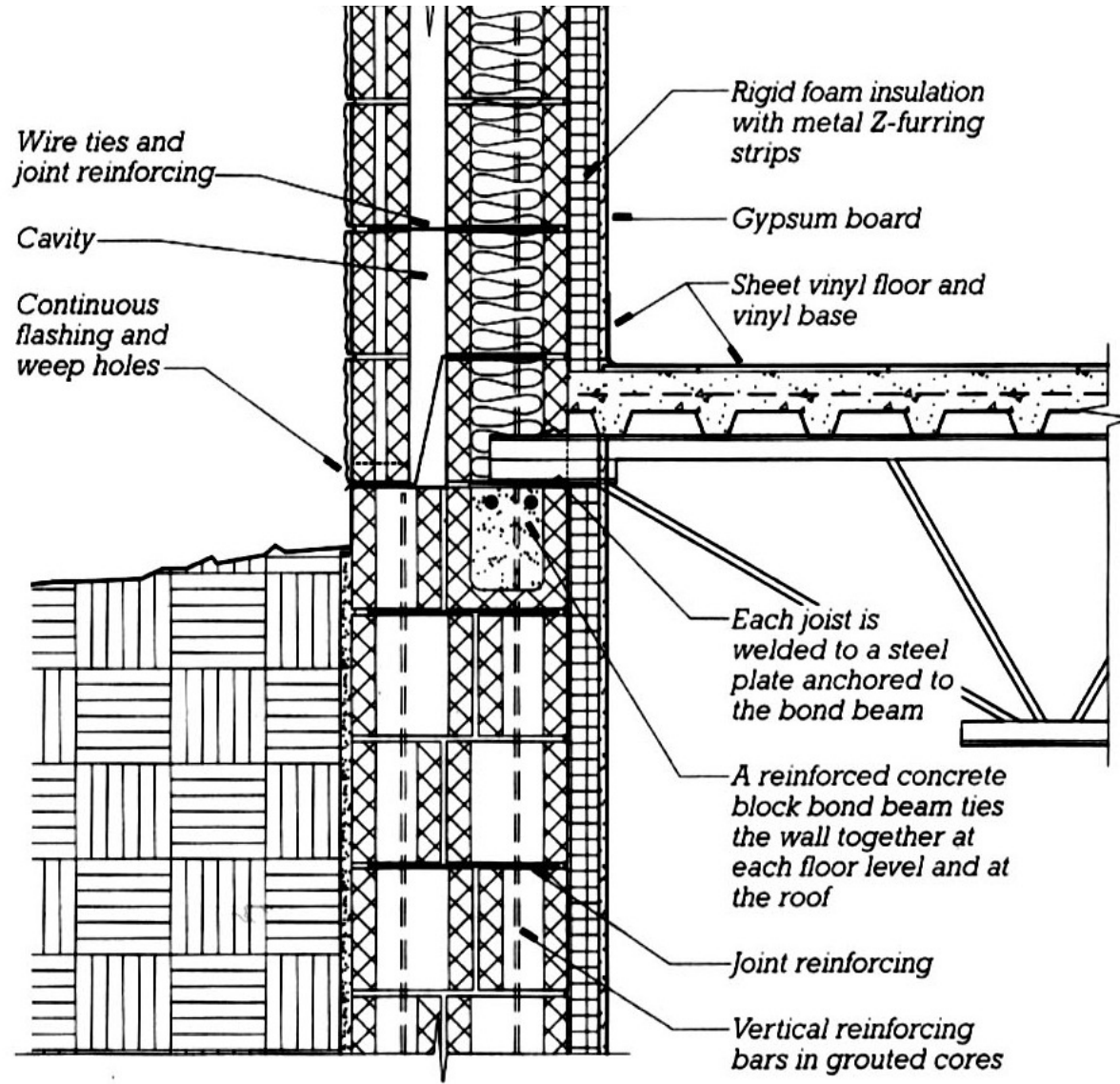
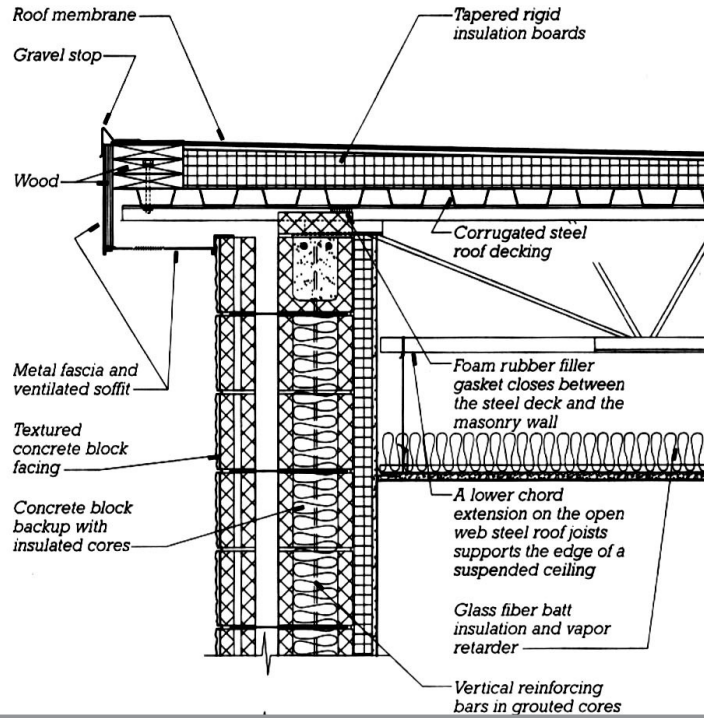
Ordinary, Joisted Construction / Heavy Timber Construction

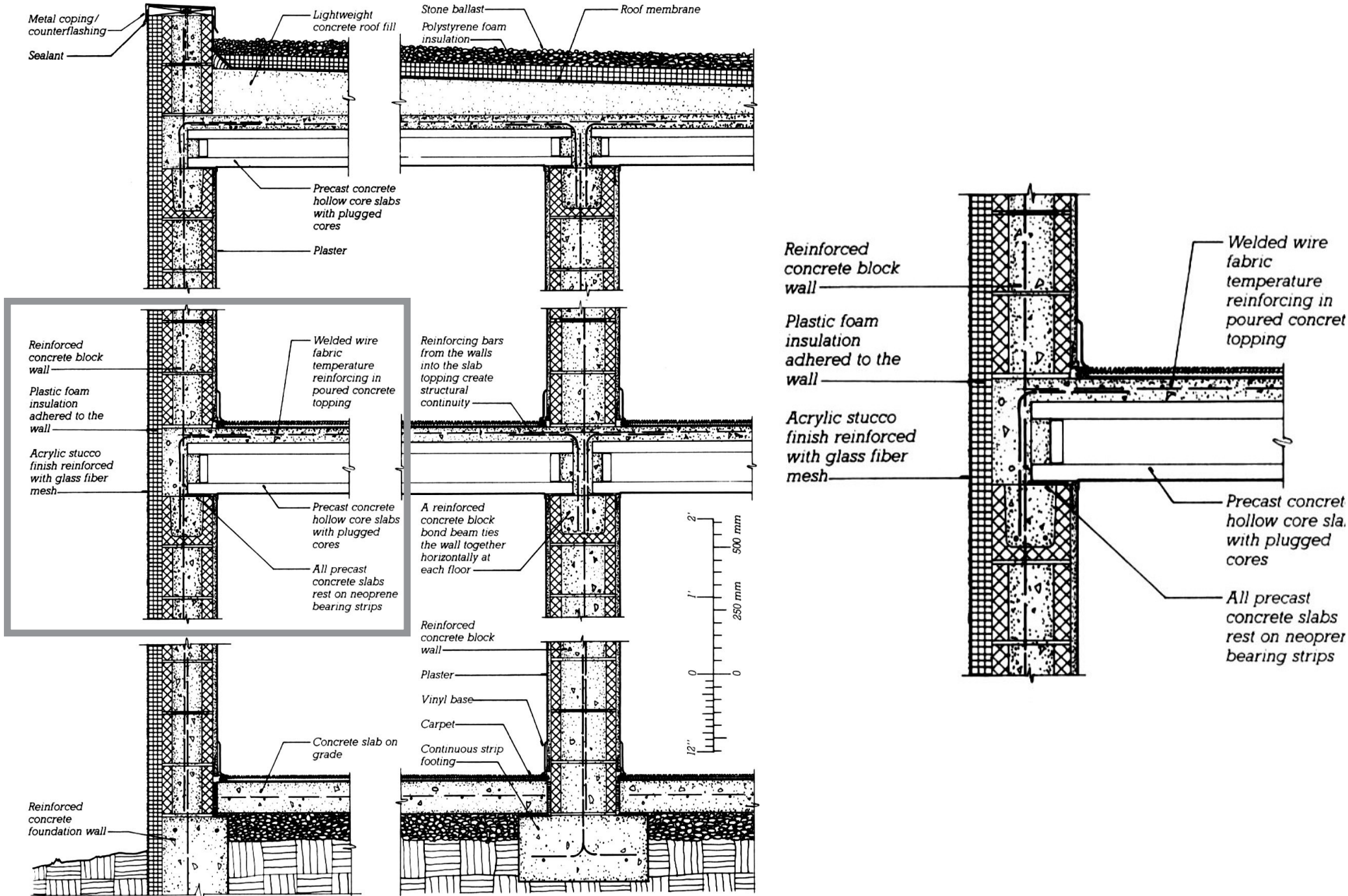
Steel Joist/Decking

Concrete Decking

EXTERIOR WALL







(One More Time:)

Special Considerations for Masonry Construction

Expansion/Contraction

Efflorescence

Mortar Joint Deterioration

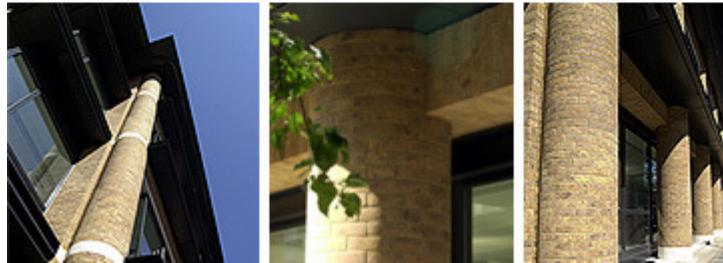
Moisture Resistance

Cold and Hot Weather Construction

Architectural Technology V



Haberdasher's Hall, Michael Hopkins



200 Hammersmith Road, Hamilton Associates



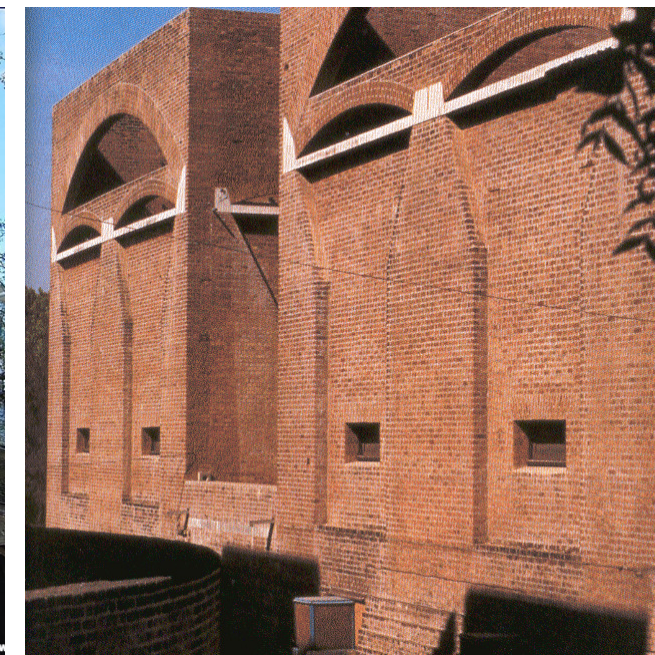
Thames Valley Park, Sidell Gibson



Procession House, RHWL Architects



The Mound Stand, Michael Hopkins



School of Management, Louis Kan